

Brough Primary School – Progression in Computing Skills KS2



	Phase 3 Years 3 and 4	Phase 4 Years 5 and 6
Computer Science: Algorithms/ Coding	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Designs solutions (algorithms) that use repetition and two-way selection i.e. if, then and else.• Uses diagrams to express solutions.• Uses logical reasoning to predict outputs, showing an awareness of inputs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understands that iteration is the repetition of a process such as a loop.• Recognises that different algorithms exist for the same problem.• Represents solutions using a structured notation.• Can identify similarities and differences in situations and can use these to solve problems (pattern recognition).
Computer Science: Programming and Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Creates programs that implement algorithms to achieve given goals.• Declares and assigns variables.• Uses post-tested loops e.g. 'until', and a sequence of selection statements in programs, including an if, then and else statement.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understands the difference between, and appropriately uses if, then and else statements.• Uses a variable and relational operators within a loop to govern termination.• Designs, writes and debugs modular programs using procedures.• Understands that programming bridges the gap between algorithmic solutions and computers.• Uses a range of operators and expressions, and applies them in the context

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<p>Information Technology: Data and Data Representation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands the difference between data and information. • Knows why sorting data in a flat file can improve searching for information. • Uses filters or can perform single criteria searches for information. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Performs more complex searches for information e.g. using Boolean and relational operators. • Analyses and evaluates data and information, and recognises that poor quality data leads to unreliable results, and inaccurate conclusions. • Knows that digital computers use binary to represent all data. • Understands how bit patterns represent numbers and images. • Knows that computers transfer data in binary. • Queries data using a typical query language.
<p>Information Technology: Hardware and processing</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Knows that computers collect data from various input devices, including sensors and application software. • Understands the difference between hardware and application software, and their roles within a computer system. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognises and understands the function of the main internal parts of basic computer architecture. • Understands the concepts behind the fetch-execute cycle. • Knows that there is a range of operating systems and application software for the same hardware.
<p>Digital Literacy: Purpose and understanding</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Collects, organises and presents data and information in digital content. • Creates digital content to achieve a given goal through combining software packages and internet services to communicate with a wider audience e.g. blogging. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makes judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience. • Recognises the audience when designing and creating digital content. • Understands the potential of information technology for collaboration when computers are networked.

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makes appropriate improvements to solutions based on feedback received, and can comment on the success of the solution. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluates the appropriateness of digital devices, internet services and application software to achieve given goals. • Recognises ethical issues surrounding the application of information technology beyond school. • Designs criteria to critically evaluate the quality of solutions, uses the criteria to identify improvements and can make appropriate refinements to the solution.
<p>Digital Literacy: Communication and Online safety</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands the difference between the internet and internet service e.g. world wide web. • Shows an awareness of, and can use a range of internet services. • Recognises what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour when using technologies and online services. • Knows how to report when concerned about content or being contacted online. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands how to effectively use search engines, understands how search engines rank search results. • Selects, combines and uses internet services. • Understands how to construct static web pages using HTML and CSS. • Demonstrates responsible use of technologies and online services, and knows a range of ways to report concerns.