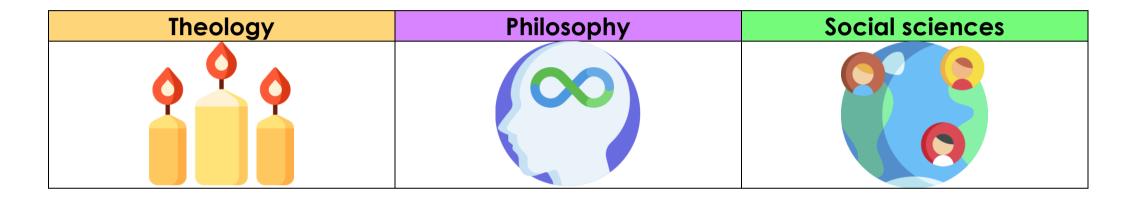
BROUGH PRIMARY SCHOOL

Cycle B

RE MEDIUM TERM PLAN - Y3&4



Overview

In Lower Key Stage 2 pupils explore Christianity and Judaism and Hinduism in some depth, plus one other non-religious worldview, (Humanism).

Learning in Cycle A Y3&4 builds from prior knowledge, skills and understanding developed in KS1, particularly Unit 1.3 'Worship.' Children will explore actions and rituals associated with festivals, celebrations and times of remembering. Consider how symbols and artefacts may be used to express what is remembered. They will investigate the lives of key figures who may be described as founders of their faiths, such as Jesus, St Paul, Muhammad (pbuh), Guru Nanak, Baha'u'llah, Abraham. Children will consider some key beliefs and how faith members follow the teachings of those founders. They will make links with a local place of worship and contrast with a place of worship from a different faith. Through engaging in a range of experiences, such as workshops and visits, children will understand what makes a place sacred and to whom; how the place is used to mark the milestones of life.

September 2023

Learning in Cycle B Y3&4 provides an opportunity for pupils to find out more about their locality and their local community, to explore the diversity of religion found within and to study a religious community in depth. They will meet with different people and members of different faiths to investigate their beliefs and values and the impact on community life, and encouraged to ask questions about living in a multicultural society. Children will begin to recognise how religion has motivated people to dedicate themselves to worthwhile causes and the actions they have taken. They will understand some of the global challenges for mankind in caring for the world and be able to explain the concept of stewardship for different faiths. Throughout each unit of learning, there will be multiple opportunities to adopt a cross-curricular approach to teaching and learning, particularly in terms of researching local history, geography and the concept of citizenship.

Cycle B Year 3&4 Unit 4.1: Communities

Key Question: Where is religion?



About this unit:

Considered through a **social sciences** lens, this unit provides opportunity for pupils to find out more about their locality and their local community, to explore the diversity of religion found within, and to study a religious community in depth. It will be helpful to meet with different people, and members of different faiths, to investigate the impact of their beliefs and values on community life. It may be appropriate to make links to learning about local history and geography. Questions should be asked about living in a multicultural society.

Prior learning:

This unit builds upon work covered in Unit 1.1 *Belonging* and Unit 3.2 *Founders of faith*; make links to previous learning about British values.

Key vocabulary:

religion, identity, values, multicultural, diversity

End points:

How do religious values provide rules for living?

- give examples of beliefs and values from different faiths
- describe the impact of religious beliefs, values and rules on the life of a believer

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statements:

 consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse communities can live together for the wellbeing of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about community, values and respect

By the end of this unit pupils should know about the religions and other worldviews represented in the locality; they have a knowledge of at least one religion *in depth* and its contribution to their community.

Also see the 'KS2 Christmas 1' unit which may follow.

Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Autumn Unit 4.1: Communities



Key Question: Where is religion?

First, children look at the word belonging. They consider groups they belong to and how members of faith families have a sense of belonging including artefacts, rituals and rites of passage.

	belonging including arteracts, rituals and rites of passage.						
Key concepts	Second order	Teaching	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding	Useful links		
	concepts	sequence		Suggested tasks and activity ideas	(If the link does not open, please find URL		
					on final page.)		
People of	written/oral	Session 1	What does it mean to	Children develop understanding of	Nobody Stands Nowhere		
God,	expression		belong to a group?	different faiths including artefacts,			
religion,		What does	Draw on children's own	symbols etc.	What is Christianity?		
community,		'belonging'	experiences and discuss the				
spiritual,		mean?	groups children belong to.	Use a carousel type activity to find	What is Buddhism?		
unity			(This will be developed	information, explore artefacts and			
			further in session 2.)	pose questions.	What is Hinduism?		
			How do we know someone				
			belongs to a group or faith?	Resources about different faiths	What is Islam?		
			Discuss different faiths and	and include world views.			
			worldviews within the class		What is Judaism?		
			and the local community.	Include symbols, sacred book, place			
				of worship as well as where faith	What is Sikhism?		
				began.			
					What is Humanism?		
People of	significance	Session 2	Where do people get their	Children create personal montage	The Greatest haka ever?		
God,	written/oral		sense of identity?	of significant moments in their own			
religion,	expression	Why do	What clothing is worn?	lives and explain the meaning of	Ava Brownie Promise		
community,		people belong	What symbols are used?	symbols and the rituals involved.			
		to groups?					

spiritual,	Link to previous session and	Children reflect using visualisation.	Information for Rainbows, Brownies
unity	consider personal	What does it feel like at the rite of	and Guides
	experiences in the	passage and how do the	
	children's lives and what	symbols/artefacts give them a	Volunteering with Scouts
	symbols may be associated	sense of belonging?	
	with these special times		
	using questions as	Children create a thought bubble to	
	discussion points.	write a personal reflection. RE book	
	Collect photographs and/or	or class reflection book.	
	watch videos of people		
	involved in routines and	Possibility of using odd one out	
	rituals, secular and non-	activity for similar faiths and non-	
	secular – New Zealand	secular communities.	
	Rugby All Blacks Haka Haka		
	– <u>click here</u>		
	Consider rituals involved at		
	home, school and in groups		
	they belong to e.g., Brownie		
	Promise ceremony – make		
	the promise, the badge,		
	turning around three times		
	with a rhyme before making		
	the promise and being welcomed into 'Brownies'.		
	welcomed into Brownies.		

Next, children explore how members of faith families put their beliefs into practice, how it gives them a sense of belonging and where they get their values from.

Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL
					on final page.)
People of	similarity and	Session 3	Building on previous	Dive deeper, question further	What does it mean to be Jewish?
God,	difference		sessions.		

religion,	written/oral	Where do	Where is faith in the local	Invite a faith member to talk about	What does it mean to be a Sikh?
community,	expression	people get	community?	where their values come from and	
spiritual,		their sense of	Consider what a value is.	respond to pupil's questions about	What does it mean to be a
unity		identity?	Where do people get their	putting belief into practice.	Christian?
			values from?		
			Consider why it is important		What does it mean to be a Muslim?
			for members of faith to		
			have values.		What does it mean to be a Hindu?

Children continue to explore how faith families put their beliefs into practice by considering and exploring the promises people make and the rituals and symbolism involved in celebrating and supporting marriage within faith communities. Key concepts Second order **Teaching Demonstrate new understanding Useful links Getting started ...** Suggested tasks and activity ideas (If the link does not open, please find URL concepts sequence on final page.) People of Explore information about Children use 'jigsaw' type activity to What happens at a Christian cause and Session 4 share group ideas about weddings. God, weddings – click here wedding consequence significance Find out about promises in Share similarities and differences. religion, What big community, written/oral promises do religious celebrations. people of faith As well as the promises Use creative expression to design a spiritual, expression families made, how do the symbols marriage ceremony using a 'circle' unity make? show 'belonging' and unity? poster to create a 'ring' of never-What 'big promises' and ending love. Include key artefacts commitments are made and their meaning to express their during marriage ideas and understanding. Use ceremonies? different media. Consider the difference between a wedding (the What symbols could you add and occasion) and a marriage what would they mean? (the relationship). Explore the symbolism with Possibility of creating a 'Recipe for a the Christian marriage good marriage'. Rank their ideas and explain reasons. ceremony e.g., exchanging

			rings, joining of hands etc. how making and keeping promises show commitment.	Use teacher led visualisation before children reflect about their feelings if they were a member of that faith family and were sharing promises. Explain why.	
People of God, religion, community, spiritual, unity	similarity and difference cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 5 What big promises do people of faith families make?	Find out about another ritual - faith wedding(s) Hindu & Humanist Explore the rules the faith is based on. Use talk partners to generate questions they want to find answers to. How do the rules compare with the previous faith the children have explored? How do the promises help them achieve any of the rules of the faith? How is the wedding of this faith family the same as a Christian wedding? How is it different from the Christian wedding? Who are the promises made to?	Children generate questions that will need to be answered for inclusion in the invitation. Children create a wedding invitation explaining the ritual and why they are important parts of a faith wedding. For example: where the wedding will take place and where the promises are made. Discuss the significance of the promises. Possibly: Hindu, Judaism, Humanist. Include symbolism.	A Humanist wedding ceremony A Humanist wedding ceremony

Finally, children explore key values and rules that faith communities follow using holy books and stories told. Consider how these influence beliefs and provide rules for living.

Key concepts	Second order	Teaching	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding	Useful links
	concepts	sequence		Suggested tasks and activity ideas	(If the link does not open, please find URL
	-	•			on final page.)

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People of	similarity and	Session 6	Consider whether we need	Explore rules in holy books	Words of St Paul - 1 Corinthians
God,	difference		rules.	(Christian and 1 or 2 other faiths).	13:4-8 - <u>Love is patient, love is kind</u>
religion,	written/oral	What rules are	Where do people get rules	When do people need to forgive or	
community,	expression	followed?	from?	be forgiven?	
spiritual,			Consider secular and non-	Explore faith stories from the Bible	
unity			secular rules.	using visualisation.	
			Key Content: 10		
			commandments – identify		
			the values from these rules	Consider the question:	
			How do they provide a code	How might these rules and the	
			for living?	promises have made help members	
			Listen to stories from the	of a faith family in their marriage?	
			Bible that shows	,,,	
			forgiveness – possible text	Possibility of creating a 'Recipe for a	
			Luke 15: 11-32. Discuss the	good marriage'. Rank their ideas	
			values from the story.	and explain reasons.	
			Consider the question – Is	and explain reasons.	
			the love of a parent		
			unconditional?		
			How might 'unconditional		
			1		
			love' influence people?		
			Link to promises or vows		
			made in marriages.		
			How do the key values of a		
			faith member provide a		
			code for living?		
People of	consequence	Session 7	Building from the previous	Explore the rules in varying	Nobody Stands Nowhere
God,	significance		session.	worldviews and display for further	
religion,	written/oral	How do non-	Do all people belong to a	discussion.	<u>Understanding Humanism</u>
community,	expression	religious	faith family?	What is similar or different to the	
spiritual,		people	Look at key beliefs of a	rules of other faith families	
unity		develop their	world view within Hull and	explored?	
		beliefs?	East Riding e.g., Humanism.		

			Consider shared values and promises. Explore the rules observed within a world view and the rituals of marriage.	Dive deeper, question further What freedom of choice does a believer have? Use drama and discussion with different scenarios to discuss how it would be difficult or easy to keep the rules of the world view. Children record ideas.	
People of God, religion, community, spiritual, unity	written/oral expression	Session 8 Does religion make a difference?	What rules do we live by? Link to home, school, clubs and faiths. Dive deeper, question further What is the contribution of religions to the community? Does religion make a difference? What freedom of choice does a believer have? What difference does it make for a member of a Christian faith family getting married in a church and why it would be important to them?	Child led discussion working in whole class and small groups. Dive deeper, question further Children reflect and provide explanations for their views. How would you feel if you were a member of one of the faith families explored and were getting married in a place of worship? How would you feel if you were a member of one of the faith families explored and were not getting married in a place of worship? Possibility of using debate type activity. Provide opportunity to reflect including using class reflection book with sentence starters: • This has changed how I think about because	

					 I feel differently about now, because This has made me ask the question 	
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	Website Links
Session 1	Nobody Stands Nowhere: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AFRxKF-Jdos
	What is Christianity? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/ztkxpv4/articles/zvfnkmn
	What is Buddhism?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zh4mrj6/articles/zdbvjhv
	What is Hinduism?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zh86n39/articles/zmpp92p
	What is Islam?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zpdtsbk/articles/zrxxgwx
	What is Judaism?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/znwhfg8/articles/zh77vk7
	What is Sikhism?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zsjpyrd/articles/zkjpkmn
	What is Humanism?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/znk647h/articles/zmqpkmn
Session 2	The Greatest haka ever? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yiKFYTFJ kw
	Ava Brownie Promise: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qxZ4dep9cFE
	Information for Rainbows, Brownies and Guides: https://www.girlguiding.org.uk/making-guiding-happen/how-were-being-our-best/were-
	going-on-a-journey/information-for-rainbows-brownies-and-guides/
	Volunteering with Scouts: https://www.scouts.org.uk/volunteer/volunteer/volunteering-with-scouts/
Session 3	What does it mean to be Jewish?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b05p6t8v
	What does it mean to be a Sikh?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b05p6t8s
	What does it mean to be a Christian?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b05p6sp4
	What does it mean to be a Muslim?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b05p6sp2
	What does it mean to be a Hindu?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/b05p6tby
Session 4	What happens at a Christian wedding?: http://request.org.uk/teachers/teaching-resources/life-resources/weddings-life/marriage/
Session 5	A Hindu wedding ceremony: https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/religious-studies-ks2-my-life-my-religion-hinduism-nikki-hemal-marriage-hindu-wedding-ceremony/zmqrkmn

	A Humanist wedding ceremony: https://understandinghumanism.org.uk/uhtheme/celebrations-and-ceremonies/
Session 6	Words of St Paul - 1 Corinthians 13:4-8 - Love is patient, love is kind: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8F9 A7XIU6k
Session 7	Nobody Stands Nowhere: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AFRxKF-Jdos Understanding Humanism: https://understandinghumanism.org.uk
Session 8	
Session 9	



Cycle B Lower Key Stage 2 Christmas Overview



Key Question: What are the special symbols of the Christmas story?

About this unit

Considered through theological and a social sciences lens, this is a supplementary unit designed to help teachers ensure progression when exploring the festival of Christmas across Key Stage 2. It gives opportunity to explore and develop the concepts of Incarnation, God and Gospel.

The focus for **Cycle 1** is on Mary, mother of Jesus and for **Cycle 2** the focus is on the symbolism of light. It may be useful to consider festivals of light from other faiths alongside Christmas.

Prior learning

This unit builds on learning about festivals of light in KS1.

Key vocabulary:

nativity, festival, celebration, Messiah, annunciation, Epiphany, wise men

End points:

What is the significance of religious festivals and rituals?

- identify the stories celebrated at festivals from different faiths
- explain the meaning behind the celebration of festivals and rituals from different faiths

How do people express their beliefs?

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statement:

 make connections between the beliefs that underpin different celebrations, forms of worship, pilgrimages and rituals

- identify symbols and artefacts which are important for at least two different faiths
- explain how artefacts and symbols express the beliefs of faith members
- recognise different forms of religious and spiritual expression
- describe and show understanding of links between different sacred texts and how those faith teachings influence communities and society today

By the end of the unit, children will be able to talk about the nativity story from Mary's point of view and from the perspective of one of the wise men. They will be able to explain how and why Christians believe Jesus to be the 'Light of the World.'



Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Christmas MTP

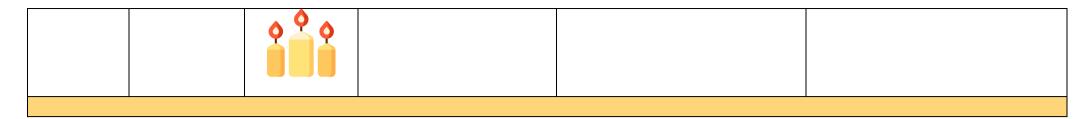


Key Question: What are the special symbols of the Christmas story?

In Y4, children will consider light as an important symbol and connect this to light as an important symbol of Christmas. Children will discuss why Christians describe Jesus as the 'light of the world' and explore how light is used in festivals.

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Key concepts	Second order	Teaching	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding	Useful links	
	concepts	sequence		Suggested tasks and activity ideas	(If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)	
incarnation,	written/oral	Session 1	What is a symbol?	Watch the video: Symbols and	<u>Christian symbols</u>	
God, gospel	expression			<u>Symbolism</u>		
		What is a	Find out what children		Symbols and Symbolism	
		symbol?	understand about symbols	Visit a local place of worship and		
			and symbolism.	take photos of different symbols in		
			Have ready a selection of	this environment. Display findings		
			different religious and non-	on a working wall and/or create a		
			religious symbols.	short video clip of children		
			How many do the children	explaining what they have found		
			recognise and understand.	out.		
				Design your own symbol.		
				Dive deeper, question further		
				Ask: Why is light an important		
				symbol?		
				Possible starting points: consider		
				the way light is used to express		
				feelings (i.e., 'a beaming smile',		

				s/he lights up the room, s/he's a guiding light, 'then I saw the light')	
incarnation, God, gospel	similarity and difference significance written/oral expression	Session 2 How is light used in festivals?	Talk about and discuss the significance of light in Christianity and other faiths. Watch the suggested videos as a starting point. How is light used in Hannukah? How is light used at Diwali? How is light used at Christmas?	Create a collage of different forms of light from different religions. For Hannukah: make a representation of a Menorah – click here OR click here For Diwali: make a representation of an oil lamp – click here For Christmas: make a representation of an Advent wreath – click here	The Jewish Story of Hanukkah The Story of Hanukkah The Hindu Story of Rama and Sita What is Diwali?
incarnation, God, gospel	significance written/oral expression	Session 3 Why is light an important symbol of Christmas?	Watch the video: Light of the world assembly – click here	Use the candle template from the Light of the world assembly resources and write how you plan to help others this Christmas. Use them to display on a prayer table, in a class prayer journal or RE working wall.	Light of the world assembly
incarnation, God, gospel	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 4 Why is Jesus the 'light of the world' for Christians?	Dive deeper, question further What is meant by Jesus as the 'light of the world'? What does this mean for Christians today?	Make a Christingle and talk about the symbolism.	The Light of the World How to make a Christingle



	Website links					
	YEAR 3E4					
Session 1	Symbols and Symbolism: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qxzPi-8saj4 Christian Symbols: https://study.com/academy/lesson/christian-symbols-meanings-lesson-for-kids.html					
Session 2	The Jewish Story of Hanukkah: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zsXQfCeMHs8 The Story of Hanukkah: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nnyE9FFZkaQ The Hindu story of Rama and Sita: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uRpNNF4fB4g&list=RDCMUC4KN50fal7f45fx2DqG7ttg&index=5 What is Diwali?: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zh86n39/articles/zipp92p How to make a paper plate Menorah: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TakbR38cEjl DIY Kids Menorah for Hanukkah: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xpFgeTv5cCA How to make an Diwali lamp: <a cafod.org.uk="" education="" href="https://www.youtube.com/make-a-Diwali-Lamp#:~:text=%20Steps%20Download%20Article%20%201%20Roll%20the,press%20down%20around%20the%20rim%20edge%20More%20Download%20Article%20%201%20Roll%20the,press%20down%20around%20the%20rim%20edge%20More%20Download%20Article%20%201%20Roll%20the,press%20down%20around%20the%20rim%20edge%20More%20Download%20Article%20%201%20Roll%20the,press%20down%20around%20the%20rim%20edge%20More%20Download%20Article%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%201%20File%20%20Ticle%20%201%20File%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Ticle%20%20Tic</td></tr><tr><td>Session 3</td><td>Light of the world assembly: https://cafod.org.uk/Education/Primary-teaching-resources/Primary-school-assemblies/Light-of-the-world-primary					
Session 4	The Light of the World: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mceLmRVudyc How to make a Christingle: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JYtuwrYGV5s					

List those children working above or below the expected standard:

Above the expected standard:

Below the expected standard:

Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Unit 4.2: People who inspire us

Key Question: What makes a saint?



About this unit:

Considered through a social sciences lens, this unit explores the concept of commitment through a social sciences lens and provides opportunity to explore lives of people who have been inspired by religion to perform heroic deeds or dedicate their lives to a cause. Within the unit there are opportunities to also explore local saints and heroes, making links with aspects of history and citizenship.

Prior learning:

Key vocabulary:

saint, inspiration, sacrifice, a cause, altruism, justice and freedom

End points:

How is commitment demonstrated in the lives and work of significant people of faith?

- explain why significant people of faith acted according to their commitments
- explain how people are inspired by actions of significant people of faith

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statements:

 demonstrate understanding of how people express their identity and their spirituality through symbols and actions

What motivates faith believers to get involved in different causes?

- explain the values that motivate people of faith to respond to a cause
- give reasons why people may choose to make sacrifices to improve the lives of others
- articulate the responses of different religious and non-religious worldviews to ethical questions, including ideas about what is right and wrong and what is just and fair

By the end of the unit, children will recognise how religion has motivated people to dedicate themselves to worthwhile causes and the actions they have taken.

Also see the KS2 Easter unit which may follow.

Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Spring Unit 4.2: People who inspire us



Key Question: What makes a saint?

First, children consider the qualities and processes that make a saint, how saints are recognised in the local area, why they are significant and how symbols are used to remember saints.

Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	written/oral expression	Session 1 What is a saint?	This unit builds on prior learning in Unit 2.1: Lead us not into temptation. Drawing on children's prior knowledge, recall the names and actions of saints and talk about what makes a saint or a hero. Dive deeper, question further 'All heroes are saints' Do you agree or disagree? Discuss with your talk partner and share. This will be referred to again later in the unit, keep answers. Is there a difference between a saint and a hero?	Devise 'success criteria' for a saint. Children discuss in groups and create pyramid ranking using post it notes. Move about until happy and record in books. Challenge – explain the reasons why they have made the top three choices. Use class 'success criteria' to create a job description for a saint.	What is a saint? How does someone become a saint? How do you become a saint? What does it take to be a saint, anyway? Saint

			Which saints can pupils name? What are the characteristics of a saint?		
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 2 How does a person become a saint?	Recall from previous lesson – What is a saint? Discuss – Is simply living a good and kind life enough or should they have done something exceptional? Children investigate the key points and timescale for a person to become a saint.	Children express new understanding. Use class 'success criteria' and what they have found out in their enquiry to create a flow diagram or timeline for a person to become a saint.	
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 3 Where are saints' names found in the local community?	Recall previous learning. Where are saints' names found in the local community? How are local or national saints remembered? Why? What inspired them to commit themselves to a cause? Can the children answer this?	Children develop understanding by working in groups using selection of local google and/or digi-maps to find as many names linked to saints. Examples shown from the Newington area: Slide 1 St. Georges Road, St. George's Primary School, St. Matthew Street, St. John's Church Slide 2 St James Street Slide 3 St. Barnabas Court, St. Andrews Retail Park	

				Slide 4 All Saints Street, St. Hilda Street Slide 5 St. Stephens Church, St. Stephens Shopping Centre, Our Lady of Lourdes, and St. Peter Chanel Also, to include St. Francis of Assisi Catholic Church/St. Mary's College Differentiation: WTS match names on the differentiated maps. WB Match patron saints with images.	
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	significance written/oral expression chronology	Session 4 How are local or national saints remembered?	Share story of St. Andrew that includes how St. Andrew is not only the patron saint of Scotland but that he is also known as the patron saint of fisherman, fishmongers and rope makers. How is St. Andrew's name used locally? You may want to watch this video which provides a simple overview: Animated story of St. Andrew Dive deeper, question further Why do you think this name has been chosen?	Pupils create their own symbols using different media to represent St. Andrew and the fishing community in the local area. Where would they place it, why? Explain why they have used that symbol/colour e.g., blue could be for the sea/colour of the Scottish flag. How would it inspire people?	Animated story of St. Andrew The Catholic Church

	Watch this short BBC clip: The Catholic Church which explores how saints are remembered using artwork and sculptures and display images of local area. E.g., fishing memorial, fishing murals, fishermen from Hull and an image of an anchor and rope (this list is not exhaustive).		
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Next, childre	Next, children explore people of faith and how they put their beliefs into practise by the commitment they show to their faith.					
Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)	
commitment , spiritual,	similarity and difference	Session 5	Recall previous learning. What makes a saint?	Use 'Jigsawing' type activity in mixed ability groups.	Why don't Jews have saints?	
belief, right	written/oral	Are all saints			Spiritual Gurus and Saints of	
and wrong	expression	Christian?	Ask:	Provide children with appropriate	Hinduism, India and the World	
			Are all saints Christian?	research texts. Each group research		
			What title is given to the	different faiths:	Hinduism for Kids	
			'saints' of other faiths?	Judaism		
			Compare practice and belief	Islam		
			in two major faiths, such as	Hinduism		
			Judaism and Islam.			
				After initial research, a member of		
			Judaism	each group moves to another to		
			Jews do not have saints in	share the new information.		
			the Catholic sense of being			
			a person who has	Share new information as a class		
			performed a miracle. What	discussion.		

			Judaism reveres are giants of the spirit whose lives have been devoted to living for God and His Torah. Islam Islam — wali - A wali the Arabic word which has been variously translated "master", "authority", "custodian", "protector", is most commonly used by Muslims to indicate an Islamic saint, otherwise referred to by the more literal "friend of God". Ask: I wonder if there are any saints in Hinduism	Children use Class Reflection/RE books to reflect on new learning of similarities/differences: Christian saints share values from the faith, because	
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 6 What can we learn about commitment from the lives of significant people of faith?	Recall previous learning what criteria do they believe makes a saint? Introduce pupils to one or two people of faith who have shown great commitment to a cause. St. Francis/St. Teresa (Mother Teresa)	Use hot seating to share what the children have found out and to find out why they acted as they did. Model examples of questions to ask so that the children show understanding of influences and inspiration. Freeze-frame a life-changing moment for a key religious person; discuss its impact. (Evidence is reflection) Possibility of using conscience alley especially to discuss the way St.	

Ct. Face de la de	Francis of Assistance and the bosons	
St. Francis – why do you	Francis of Assisi treated the beggar	
think he is shown with an	and whether it was right or not.	
animal?	Share understanding.	
	Activity idea:	
Plenary: identify learning	Split the class into two and order	
questions.	ten values for St. Francis. One half	
·	look at the beginning of his life and	
	the other half look at when he	
	changed his life. Children should	
	find that the values that were	
	important to St. Francis at the	
	beginning of his life and were at the	
	top of the pyramid, are at the	
	bottom when he changed his	
	lifestyle.	
	inestyle.	
	Encourage children to think about	
	reflection questions – use talk	
	partners and share – e.g., Mother	
	Teresa: How do you think education	
	helps to lessen poverty?	
	How do you think Mother Teresa	
	felt leaving school and working on	
	the streets?	
	the streets.	
	(Record children's answers as	
	evidence.)	
	evidence.)	
	What inspired St. Francis/St. Teresa	
	to act how they did?	
	·	
	(Explored in more detail later.)	

Finally, children continue to explore heroes and saints and consider what influences and inspires people to commit to a cause and consider how their actions can change lives for the better.

Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	similarity and difference cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 7 (Shorter session) Who might be the saints and heroes of the local community?	Recall – what is a saint? How are saints remembered in the local area? Display statement: All heroes are saints? – agree/disagree. What is a hero? Children work in small groups to discuss who local heroes are and why. Possible suggestions - although not exhaustive: Thomas Ferens Alfred Gelder Lilli Billoca Amy Johnson Jean Bishop (The Bee Lady)	Children record individual names of local heroes on sheets of paper. Make a class list of as many heroes as children can and they group them on a flip chart according to the qualities they think they show. Encourage discussion. What are the qualities? Why do you think that? Do they show other qualities? This should provoke discussion and changes. Use photographic evidence and/or use on working walls. Opportunity to create fact file about a local hero. For example: Hull's Bee Lady Who is it? What did they do? Did their actions link to their faith?	Hull Bee Lady

				 How did it? Refer to the discussion statement used at the beginning of the unit and for this session. Have children's opinions changed? 	
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	cause and consequence written/oral expression	Session 8 What inspires some people to commit their lives to an altruistic cause? Do you have to be religious to commit to a cause?	Dive deeper, question further Recall previous learning. Consider what inspires people to commit to a cause. Do you have to be religious to commit to a cause? Children encouraged to discuss their answers. What are the success criteria for saints/local heroes? What is similar? What is different?	Children create a table to compare facts/actions/legacy. E.g., St. Teresa and Thomas Ferens/Alfred Gelder. What is the main difference? Children begin to reflect on how their legacies continue to influence people today. (Develop further in the next session). Opportunity for some children to use the sentence starts to reflect using the class reflections book.	Hull Bee Lady
commitment , spiritual, belief, right and wrong	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 9 What impact may a person's actions have	Dive deeper, question further Express thoughts about the actions of some people that change lives for the better and influence others.	Children discuss questions in small groups and discuss as a whole class. Use Prayer of St. Francis – share thoughts about its teaching; what impact did his teachings have in his	Prayer of St. Francis

on the lives of	Why do you think that	lifetime and what impact might his	
others?	belonging to a faith was	teachings have now.	
	important to St. Teresa/St. Francis? What impact did it have on their lives (saints) and the lives of others?	Reflection – What can we learn about commitment from the lives of significant people of faith? What impact may a person's	
	What impact did local 'heroes' such as Thomas Ferens, Alfred Gelder and Lilli Billoca have on the community?	actions have on the lives of others?	
	Consider looking at Make me a Channel of Your Peace (Prayer for St. Francis)		

	Website links					
Session 1	S is for Saints: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b-eCwiM-JXw					
	What is a saint? https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/what-is-a-saint-11074846					
	How does someone become a saint? https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/32772092					
How do you become a saint? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o5JA1LTWc7M What does it take to be a saint, anyway? https://www.stnicholascenter.org/for-kids/more-about/what-does-it-take						
Session 2						
Session 3						
Session 4	Animated story of St. Andrew: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AWdBKC7j6kU					

	The Catholic Church: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zkvcd2p
Session 5	Why don't Jews have saints? https://www.jwire.com.au/why-dont-jews-have-saints-ask-the-rabbi/ Spiritual Gurus and Saints of Hinduism, India and the World: https://www.hinduism, India and the World: https://www.hinduism, India and the World: https://www.hinduism, India and the World: https://www.hinduism.for-kids/category/children-stories/stories-of-saints Hinduism for Kids: https://www.hinduism-for-kids/category/children-stories/stories-of-saints
Session 6	
Session 7	Hull Bee Lady: https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-humber-58823209
Session 8	Hull Bee Lady: https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-humber-58823209
Session 9	Prayer of St. Francis: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZI1Gst7pEqc



Cycle B: Lower Key Stage 2 Easter Overview



Key Question: What is the significance of the cross for Christians at Easter?

About this unit

Considered through a theological and a social sciences lens, this is a supplementary unit designed to help teachers ensure progression when exploring the festival of Easter across lower Key Stage 2. It gives opportunity to explore and develop the concepts of Salvation and Gospel. The focus for Cycle 1 is on how Christians remember the events of Holy Week, and in Cycle 2 the different ways in which the cross conveys the importance and message of Easter.

It may be useful to consider Spring festivals from other faiths alongside Easter.

Prior learning

This unit builds on learning about Spring festivals in KS1.

Key vocabulary:

Holy Week, Last Supper, Holy Communion, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday, crucifixion

End points:

What is the significance of religious festivals and rituals?

- identify the stories celebrated at festivals from different faiths
- explain the meaning behind the celebration of festivals and rituals from different faiths

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statement:

 make connections between the beliefs that underpin different celebrations, forms of worship, pilgrimages and rituals

How do people express their beliefs?

- identify symbols and artefacts which are important for at least two different faiths
- explain how artefacts and symbols express the beliefs of faith members
- recognise different forms of religious and spiritual expression
- describe and show understanding of links between different sacred texts and how those faith teachings influence communities and society today

By the end of the unit, children will be able to talk about significant events in Holy Week. They will be able to explain how and why the cross conveys the message of Easter and consider how the crucifixion might offer salvation to Christians.



Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Easter



Key Question: What is the significance of the cross for Christians at Easter?

In Cycle 2 children will consider different ways in which the cross conveys the importance and message of Easter. Children will explore key events associated with Holy Week, comparing Jesus' entry into Jerusalem on Palm Sunday with washing the disciples' feet on Maundy Thursday before considering how the crucifixion might offer salvation to Christians.

Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
salvation, gospel	significance written/oral expression	Session 1 What are the key events of Holy Week?	Drawing on prior knowledge, what do children know about Easter and the key events of Holy Week? Watch this video – click here Dive deeper, question further Why is the festival of Easter an important celebration for Christians?	Visit a local place of worship and take photos of different symbols and artefacts in this environment which link to Holy Week, such as: • The Stations of the cross • Bread and wine • Chalice • Crucifix • Stained glass windows – if relevant • Paintings depicting the Last Supper • Paschal Candle Display findings on a working wall and/or create a short video clip of children explaining what they have found out.	Symbols and Symbolism Symbols and Symbolism

salvation, gospel	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 2 What happened at the Last Supper?	Tell the pupils the story of the Last Supper (from Matthew 26:17–25) or watch the video: The Last Supper. Stop the story before Judas betrays Jesus. How has the mood changed? What do they think Judas is going to do? Why? Ask: What happened on	Invite a member of clergy or a follower of Christianity to explore how Christians remember and relive the events of Holy Week. Re-enact the events of the Last Supper: Set up your classroom without chairs; lead the pupils in to sit around a cloth on the floor. On the cloth have a series of foods that would have been shared at Passover (or pictures of them — see Resources for details). Have some real unleavened bread and red grape juice. (Idea adapted from Understanding Christianity.) Explore the link between the Jewish festival of Passover and the Last Supper. Invite a member of the Jewish faith to explain how Passover is celebrated today and the significance of each item on the Seder plate.	The Last Supper (animation) The Last Supper (animation)
gospel	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Why is Maundy Thursday significant for Christians?	Maundy Thursday? Next, watch this short video clip – click here Suggested questions • What are the key events of Holy	the Last Supper – click here Look at the pictures and ask: How do they make you feel? What is the same/different? Why did the artist paint them in these places?	The Last Supper (animation) Maundy Thursday Explained

	,,	
Week? Who was at the Last Supper? Why were they there? What is the symbolism of the bread and wine? What did Jesus say to his disciples? What is the meaning of Maundy? How do Christians celebrate Maundy Thursday? What is the tradition of Maundy money? Discuss key points and list key words/phrases to display on the working wall. Thinking about Easter rituals, talk about and discuss the symbolic meaning of the washing of feet on Maundy Thursday. Contrast Jesus' entry into Jerusalem on Palm Sunday and his actions on Maundy	Recreate a freeze of the Last Supper and display on the working wall. Invite a Christian faith leader into school to discuss the symbols and actions Christians use to remember the Last Supper. List actions or objects that have meaning in terms of Easter, such as: fire burning on Easter morning, touching the stone where Jesus fell, hot cross buns, Easter egg, the chicken born from the egg. What does each one stand for, or link to? Which reminders do these symbols provide of the stories of Jesus at the first Easter? What do they mean for Christians? (Ideas adapted from Understanding Christianity.) Dive deeper, question further If you were Peter, how would you feel/react at the Last Supper? What do you think Judas was thinking and feeling at the Last Supper?	
Contrast Jesus' entry into	What do you think Judas was thinking and feeling at the Last	
and his actions on Maundy	Supper?	
Thursday. Remembering the events of		
the Last Supper is so		
important for most		
Christians that they take		
communion (mass or		

salvation, gospel	cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 4 What is denial?	Eucharist) regularly. Show the pupils a film clip from BBC's 'My Life, My Religion', where Nathan explains what Holy Communion is — click here Ask: Why did Peter pretend that he did not know Jesus? Watch one of the following videos: God's Story: Peter denies Jesus — click here The crucifixion and Peter's denial — click here Discuss: What is meant by denial? What is the opposite of denial? List synonyms and antonyms for denial.	Show the pupils an artwork portraying Peter's Denial – click here Ask: What part of the story is being shown? What is happening? How are people feeling? What are they thinking? How do you know? Recreate art depictions using props and costumes and photograph for a working wall. Re-enact each part of Peter's denial and record. Freeze frame key points in Peter's denial and take photos to display on a working wall. Dive deeper, question further Are denial and betrayal the same thing?	The crucifixion and Peter's denial Peter denies Jesus
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	Website links							
	YEAR 3E4							
Session 1	Christian Symbols and Meanings: https://study.com/academy/lesson/christian-symbols-meanings-lesson-for-kids.html							
	Symbols and Symbolism: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qxzPi-8saj4							

Session 2	The Last Supper: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zkyr87h The Last Supper (animation): https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zgsb9j6
Session 3	The Last Supper: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zkyr87h The Last Supper (animation): https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zgsb9j6 Maundy Thursday Explained: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3fVVel8DXMg
Session 4	The Crucifixion and Peter's Denial: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0nHrpQc9G6k

List those children working above or below the expected standard:

Above the expected standard: Below the expected standard:



Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Unit 4.3: Our world

Key Question: Who cares?



About this unit:

Considered through a **philosophical** and a **theological** lens, this unit builds upon understanding and appreciating the natural world. It focuses on the uniqueness of the Earth as Our World – a planet that everyone has a duty to respect and conserve. Throughout this unit, children explore how various faiths explain some of life's big and difficult to answer questions about God, creation and humankind's responsibilities towards the Earth.

Prior learning:

This unit builds upon work covered in Unit 1.1 *Belonging* and Unit 3.2 *Founders of faith*; make links to previous learning about British values.

Key vocabulary:

stewardship, khalifah, environment, ecology, habitat, Climate Action, Eco Warriors, Friends of the Earth, Extinction Rebellion, Greenpeace, Eco Schools, Eco Churches

End points:

What is an ultimate question?

- identify what makes some questions ultimate
- offer answers to an ultimate question from different faith perspectives

How did the universe begin?

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statements:

 express understanding of the key concepts underpinning different faiths, linking sources of authority to belief compare different beliefs about how the universe began making reference to sacred texts

Why is it important to look after the Earth?

- compare religious teachings to see how faith members should care for the Earth
- show understanding of stewardship and suggest actions everyone can take

Who is God?

- explain how people of different faiths describe what god is
- identify what different sacred writings say about the attributes of God

 offer some answers to ultimate questions from different religious and non-religious perspectives

By the end of the unit, children will understand some of the global challenges for humankind in caring for the world and be able to explain the concept of stewardship for different faiths.



Cycle B: Y3&4 MTP Summer Unit 4.3: Our world



Key Question: Who cares?

Children star	Children start this unit by discussing the origins of the universe, before moving on to consider the meaning of 'creation'.						
Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)		
creation, worldview	cause and consequence written/oral expression chronology	Session 1 Where did the Earth come from?	Drawing on the children's prior knowledge linked to Unit 1.3 (What a wonderful world), discuss the origins of the universe. Explore scientific views on how Earth was created. Watch: How was the Earth made? — click here Share images of Earth from space and images of other planets and galaxies as a prompt/cue.	Using the ultimate question: where did the Earth come from? Ask children to write a short phrase or paragraph on a cut-out image of the world and use to display on the working wall.	How was the Earth made?		
creation,	cause and	Session 2	Start by watching a video	Explore images of patterns/colours	<u>Wonderful World</u>		
worldview	consequence written/oral expression	What is creation?	clip on the natural wonders of the world to appreciate different aspects of creation.	Reflect on stories, songs and psalms of creation.	What a wonderful world		

	This video clip is wonderful! - click here Next, identify something in the natural world which gives a sense of wonder and awe. Share examples. Ask: What do we mean by the term creation? Explore whether adaptation of living things to their habitats is by accident or design.	Watch this animation of Louis Armstrong's song: What a wonderful world – click here Create a class mural based on either ideas/imagery in the song or children's examples of something in the natural world that inspires wonder and awe for them. Dive deeper, question further Consider the many ways that creation is celebrated in society.	
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Next, children will debate the ultimate question: Who is God? They will then consider if the Earth is sacred and how the concept of a Creator God may influence believers' lives.

Key concepts	Second order concepts	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
creation,	similarity and	Session 3	Ask: Who is God?	Share examples of artwork from	Spirited Arts: Who is God?
worldview	difference		How do different religions	Spirited Arts – <u>click here</u>	
	significance	Who is God?	describe God?		Thoughts and beliefs about God
	written/oral			Use the following questions taken	
	expression	222	Gather ideas from the children and display on the	from Spirited Arts for discussion:	
			working wall.	Who is God? What do you think? Is	
				God a person like us, or completely	
			Explore attributes of God in	different? What image will express	
			statements of faith, such as	your ideas? Atheists and agnostics	

			Christian Apostles' Creed, Jewish Shema. Consider: What is the same/different?	may say 'God is nobody' or 'God is a person no one knows' Different religions say some things similar and some different about God's identity. Children to use a range of mediums to express their responses. (N.B. ensure that this subject is sensitively explored for children who follow Islam.) Use this link to explore a range of activities published by NATRE on Thoughts and beliefs about God — click here	
creation, worldview	similarity and difference written/oral expression	Session 4 Is the Earth sacred?	Start by asking: What does sacred mean? Is the Earth sacred? Explore creation stories from different faiths, identifying similarities and differences. Recommended video clips: Christianity: Creation – click here Hinduism: Creation – click here Judaism: Creation Story – click here	In a Venn diagram, explore similarities and differences in beliefs about creation between Christianity and two other faiths. Write a song or poem about creation or add more to Psalm 8.	Christianity: Creation story Hinduism: Creation story Islam: Creation Stories Judaism: Creation Story C is for Creation Stories Aboriginal Dreamtime Stories Creation Myths

			C is for Creation Stories – click here (N.B. start timing from 0.16.) Also consider non-religious and other viewpoints about creation, i.e., aboriginal dreamtime stories – click here This link leads you onto a world map of different creation stories. Just click on any culture and explore – click here (N.B. click on the 'Teachers' Section' for further activity ideas.)		
creation, worldview	significance written/oral expression	Session 5 How does belief in a Creator God influence believers' lives?	Ask: How do faith members interpret creation stories? Watch this video clip of how Christians may show faith in action – Pope Francis' A Prayer for Our Earth – click here Compare religious teachings to see how faith members should care for the Earth.	Be creative in illustrating the concept of a Creator God. Create a poem/prayer based on the title: A prayer for our Earth. Gather together competed poems/prayers into a class book.	Pope Francis' A Prayer for Our Earth

In the final section of this unit, children will start by discussing the term stewardship and how this concept links to taking care of the Earth. Drawing on key information in a range of holy books, it will then move onto care for animals and showing respect for the world. Children will finally investigate the challenges of living in a disposable world and explore how to be a Zero Hero.

Key concepts	,	Teaching sequence	Getting started	Demonstrate new understanding Suggested tasks and activity ideas	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
creation, worldview	responsibility cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 6 What is meant by stewardship of the Earth?	Start by discussing children's concepts of 'stewardship'; where do these ideas come from? Watch a video clip on stewardship. The following video clip may be a good place to start! Here children will be able to explore Pope Francis' message about caring for our common home — click here Dive deeper, question further How do humans treat the Earth? What impact is this having?	Go on a 'stewardship walk' around the school environment looking out for places that need more careful stewardship; in what ways could they be improved? Create a 'stewardship squad' to improve the school environment.	Pope Francis' message
creation, worldview	responsibility similarity and difference cause and consequence significance	Session 7 What do holy books say about care for animals and	Start by asking: Why do people think we should care for the Earth? This link provides a range of starting points – click here	Create a tree of life: each child decorates a leaf which has a key word or phrase linked to how different faiths view the animal kingdom and our role in caring for them.	Animals, Faith, Compassion My Bible Animal Stories

written/oral	showing	Discuss why it is our	Islamic story for kids
expression	respect for the	responsibility to look after	
empathy	world?	animals and share the	
		world's resources.	
	040	Watch this video clip by	
		David Attenborough on	
		how to care for our planet –	
		click here	
		Look at a range of holy	
		books to consider what is	
		said about care for animals	
		and showing respect for the	
		world.	
		This video clip may be a	
		good starting point – click	
		here (N.B Could be slightly	
		controversial for meat	
		eaters, but most of the	
		content shows similarities	
		between different faith.)	
		Christianity: this link is a sample from the book 'My	
		Bible Animal Stories' which	
		may provide a different	
		context for learning – click	
		here	
		Islam: this video clip is	
		based on an Islamic story	

			for kids about being kind to animals – <u>click here</u>		
creation, worldview	responsibility cause and consequence significance written/oral expression	Session 8 What are the challenges of living in a disposable world?	Share ways in which people do or don't care for creation, and the challenges of living in a disposable world. The following video clips may be a good starting point for discussion: Video clip: How do human beings affect the environment? — click here Video clip which explores climate change — click here Dive deeper, question further What impact do humans have on the environment?	Explore how faith communities are responding to environmental dilemmas. Children can research different charities which support environmental action and feed back to the class – click here Invite members of the community who are involved in local and national environmental projects and the impact that they are having. Discuss what influences people involved in such projects. What is their motivation? Play dilemma games to explore and roleplay the environmental choices faith members may make. Explore some of the activities for World Earth Day – click here Dive deeper, question further Investigate our dependence on the Earth's resources, considering the responsibility and challenge for us all.	How do human beings affect the environment? Climate change animation Earth Day – activity ideas

creation, worldview	responsibility cause and	Session 9	Start the final session by considering the native	Devise an act of stewardship; choose a local place and carry out a	Be a Zero Hero
worldview		How can we	American saying: 'We do	plan to improve it.	The World We Want
	consequence significance	better care for	not inherit the Earth; we	pian to improve it.	The World We Want
	_	the world?	1	Children to draw around their own	
	written/oral	the world?	borrow it for our children.'		
	expression		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	footprint, cut it out and annotate	
	empathy		What does this mean?	by thinking about the shape of the	
			Watch the following video	individual 'footprint' they hope to leave on the Earth.	
			Watch the following video	leave on the Earth.	
			clip on being a Zero Hero –	Final voftaction	
			<u>click here</u>	Final reflection	
			D:	Video clip: A reflection on the world	
			Discuss the children's own	we want – <u>click here</u>	
			impact on the environment;		
			what more can we do to		
			care for the world around		
			us?		
			Dive deeper, question		
			further		
			What duty do we all have to		
			look after the Earth?		

	Website links				
Session 1	How was the Earth made? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VdUkXksRcCo				
Session 2	Wonderful World: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B8WHKRzkCOY What a wonderful world: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UYbKOUzfMHY				

Session 3	Spirited Arts – Who is God? https://www.natre.org.uk/about-natre/projects/spirited-arts/spirited-arts-gallery/archive/2009/?ThemeID=26
	Thoughts and Beliefs about God: https://www.natre.org.uk/uploads/Member%20Resources/Home%20learning/F2%207-
	11%20RE%20Today%20and%20NATRE%20home%20learning%20mem%20Children%20Talking%20Database.pdf
Session 4	Christianity – Creation story: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yZ1Fd SPC18
	Hinduism - Creation story: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=whEVO4RfnSE
	Islam – Creation stories: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EP17iaAfQlg
	Judaism – Creation Story: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lre-LLz-UzE
	C is for Creation Stories: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ARyWE8e50yM
	Aboriginal Dreamtime Stories: https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=aboriginal+dreamtime+stories+for+kids&sp=mAEB
	Creation Myths: http://bigmyth.com/2 eng myths.html
Session 5	Pope Francis' A Prayer for Our World: https://vimeo.com/537264531
Session 6	Pope Francis' Message: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KOgF2Kgel6k
Session 7	How to care for our planet: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hJSG5Hd1SvM
	Animals, Faith, Compassion: http://www.humanedecisions.com/anima-animals-faith-compassion-12-religious-faiths-on-the-sacredness-of-
	animals/
	My Bible Animal Stories: https://beta.10ofthose.com/cmsfiles/Samples/9781912373581_sample.pdf
	Islamic story for kids: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Tni5Gh6fUE0
Session 8	How do humans affect the environment? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zp22pv4/articles/z2md82p
	Climate change animation: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v8unGCTWUWI
	Earth Day – Activity Ideas: https://www.prodigygame.com/main-en/blog/earth-day-activities-for-kids/
Session 9	Be a Zero Hero: https://vimeo.com/333559123
	The World We Want: https://vimeo.com/486346496/0b3c50800f

List those children working below the expected standard:

Below the expected standard: