

Subject: Music Year Group: Yea	r 3/4 Area of learning: Instrumental Music & Performance: Glockenspiels.			
Links to previous work/Remember when	<ul> <li>Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs that are familiar</li> <li>Using instruments to tap a regular beat</li> <li>Revise simple graphic notation</li> <li>KS1 performances - singing and acting from a script.</li> <li>Learning about musical instruments which have beaters</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Musical Knowledge</li> <li>Revise and experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music.</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>Singing:</li><li>Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs.</li></ul>			
Term	<ul> <li>Key Skills to be taught <ul> <li>Revisiting how to correctly play a glockenspiel</li> <li>How to draw a treble clef on a stave</li> <li>Revisiting how to draw letter notation</li> <li>Use a time signature correctly to write a basic 4-bar rhythm and use that rhythm to create a melody</li> <li>How beats/pulse is broken down into groups (bars)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Spring 1 2024 What the children should know at the end of this series of lessons	<ul> <li>Play a musical instrument (glockenspiel), using pulse and rhythm</li> <li>Children can name musical symbols and words and start to associate meanings to them</li> <li>To understand what pulse and metre mean and to maintain a pulse and identifying strong beats</li> <li>play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression</li> <li>use and understand staff and other musical notations</li> <li>Taken from the NC for Music KS2.</li> </ul>			

#### Vocabulary

Sing, beat, pulse, pitch, graphic notation, symbols, strong beats, instruments, non-pitched, note, dynamics, piano, forte, loud, soft, glockenspiel.



	Plan 2023 - 2024				
Sequence of learning	Learning Objectives/Outcomes	suggested Lesson Outline			
1 Taught by RP 15.1.24 (x3 classes)	Learning Objective: To be able to write a basic rhythm. To play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Key Knowledge: To be able to play a musical instrument, using understanding of the stave, notes and dynamics needed for each piece. Vocab: Melody, rhythm, treble clef, stave Resources: music books	Recap: Playing the Boomwhackers for Christmas songs/graphic notation from KS1. Revisit a graphic notation grid (4x4). Play a body percussion e.g. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VldOnhk-iwo</u> The Greatest Showman Children to draw a 4x4 graph box in their music books - making sure a 4 is at the beginning to show the time sig. STARTED Introduce the rhythms of • semibreve - 4 (hold 4) • minim - 2 (hold 2) • dotted minim - 3 (cheese) • crochet - 1 (pear) • quavers - ½ (orange) • triplet - 3 notes in one count (chocolate) • crochet rest - shh Model a line and then ask the children to create their own three lines, making sure that they have 4 counts in each bar.			
2	Learning Objective: To improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music. Key Knowledge: Music is written using pitch to allow rise and fall of sound that creates a melody. Vocab: Melody, rhythm, treble clef, stave Resources: Glockenspiels, music books	<ul> <li>Recap – notation from last lesson.</li> <li>Explain that this week, we are going to be writing the graphic notation as musical notes, but first, they need to learn how to draw a treble clef.</li> <li>Practise treble clef in their books.</li> <li>Show the children the different types of notes that they used as graphic notation. Ask the children to draw the notes on the staves in their music books. Use E line.</li> <li>Then, if there's time, children to use the glockenspiels to beat out their own rhythms that they wrote last week. *</li> <li>*This can be carried over to the next lesson.</li> </ul>			



Fidil 2023 - 2024				
3	Learning Objective: Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. Key Knowledge: Perform a song on the glockenspiel, using the knowledge of letter- named notes and beats. Resources: Glockenspiels, music books,	<ul> <li>Recap – pitch, melody, rhythm, musical alphabet notes.</li> <li>*If the * from last week needs of be completed, do this first.</li> <li>Children to have a quick recap of drawing a treble clef. Then, they are to look at their music that they wrote in the graphic grid.</li> <li>Today, they are going to start to write their first line of their rhythm as proper music - again, using the E line of the treble clef.</li> <li>Model a first line e.g.</li> <li>Children to write their first line of their rhythm.</li> </ul>		
4	Learning Objective: Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	<ul> <li>Recap: rhythm notation from previous lessons.</li> <li>Explain that this week, we are going to be starting to add melody to the rhythm - meaning that we are going to learn the lines and spaces letter names.</li> <li>Children to write out the EGBDF and its acronym, then the same with the spaces FACE.</li> </ul>		
5	Learning Objective: Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.	<ul> <li>Recap: rhythm notation from previous lessons.</li> <li>Children to look at their notation and to start creating the first line of their notation, using the lines and spaces of the stave to create a melody. First line only.</li> <li>Model an e.g.</li> <li>Children should, by the end of this lesson, be able to have written their first line of their rhythm, using different notes to create a simple 4-bar melody.</li> </ul>		

#### Learning Outcome/product

Children should have an understanding of pitch, rhythm and melody, and how to show this through playing a line of their written melody, using the correct rhythm timing on their glockenspiels.



Assessment records	List only those children who have not achieved the expected outcomes.	