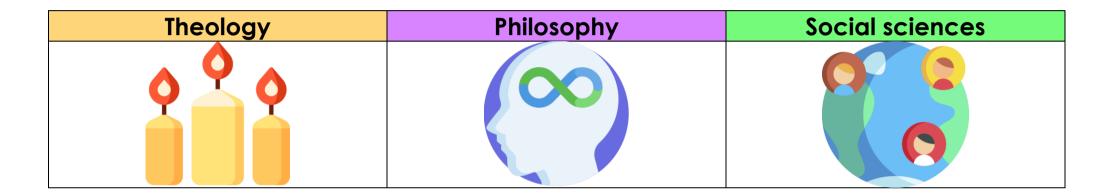
BROUGH PRIMARY SCHOOL

Cycle A

RE MEDIUM TERM PLAN - Y5&6



Overview

In Upper Key Stage 2 pupils explore **Christianity, Hinduism and Islam** in some depth, plus one other non-religious worldview, **(Humanism)**.

Learning in Cycle A Year 5&6 explores religious expression in all its diversity, considering different ways of expressing belief through a range of creative media and in their actions. They explore the meanings of symbols and activities expressing belief. Children will be given an opportunity to explore in greater depth the impact of the teaching of faith founders and other religious figures and the influence they had - and continue to have - today. In addition, they will contrast the ideas and influence of significant people who hold non-religious worldviews. Children will also develop an understanding of the purpose of making pilgrimage, what happens during pilgrimage and its impact.

Learning in Cycle B Year 5&6 provides opportunities for children to explore and explain the concepts of justice and freedom; to consider how justice is significant in stories from religions and in secular life; to consider what religions teach about forgiveness and how reconciliation may take place. They will explore the concept of religious identity through the way people live and practise their beliefs. There is a focus on how rites of passage give shape to a person's identity and will sensitively consider the ways in which these milestones impact on families and the wider community, particularly in relation to end of life issues. Children will investigate different ideas about God and humanity and ask ultimate questions from different perspectives.

Cycle A: Y5&6 MTP Spring Unit 5.2: Faith in action

Key Question: What are the challenges?



About this unit:

Considered through a theological lens, this unit explores in greater depth the impact of the teaching of faith founders and other religious figures and the influence they had – and continue to have – today. In addition, children will have opportunity to contrast the ideas and influence of significant people who hold non-religious worldviews. There are also elements of personal development covered in this unit.

Prior learning:

This unit follows on from 5.1 *Expressions* to build upon Unit 3.2 *Founders of faith*.

Key vocabulary:

teaching and key concepts for each religion, vocation, inspiration, influence

End points:

What do key religious figures teach?

- explain the significance of the key teachings of faith founders for faith members
- describe the teachings of key religious figures, identifying some similarities and differences
- reflect on the teachings of key religious figures and how these teachings impact on society

How do the lives of faith founders influence believers?

- identify key events in the lives of faith founders and their impact on those around them
- explain the relevance of different faith founders for their followers today

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statements:

- express understanding of the key concepts underpinning different faiths, linking sources of authority to belief
- describe and show understanding of links between different sacred texts and how those faith teachings influence communities and society today

By the end of the unit, children should know something of the challenges posed by choosing to live a life of faith.

Also see the KS2 Easter unit which may follow.

Cycle A: Y5&6 MTP Spring Unit 5.2: Faith in action



Key Question: What are the challenges?

Children think about where beliefs come from and consider their own beliefs. Children then consider how this will be the same or may differ for a person of faith. Begin to consider the role that influencers have in shaping these beliefs.

shaping thes	snaping these benefits.				
Learning Objective	Key Knowledge	Recorded Learning	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)		
Session 1	Ask children the key		Six inspiring stories from incredible		
	learning question for this	Children to record ideas about the	young people		
Who do we	lesson: Who do we listen	people who inspire and influence			
listen to?	to?	them and why.			
	Discuss reasons why or why				
A 9 A	not.				
Y	Discuss whether this				
	answer would be the same				
	for everyone (consider faith				
	members as well as non-				
	faith members)				
	Discuss: Who inspires us?				
	What inspires us? Who				
	influences us? What				
	influences us?				
	Show children some				
	pictures of relevant, well-				
	known celebrities who they				
	may find inspirational.				

	Discuss why they may inspire us and what they may influence us to do. Then discuss lesser-known inspirational people (BBC Bitesize link) – are these people more or less inspirational? Why? Discuss whether the people who inspire us always have to be in the public eye.		
Session 2 Where do we get our beliefs from?	Discuss what the word belief means – give the children a dictionary definition. Can we substitute the term worldview for belief? Discuss: What does 'belief' mean to them?	Children to mind-map the things that they believe in and write a sentence explaining where they may get most of their beliefs from. Challenge What inspires and influences my life? How does it show in the way I live	
	Why do they think they have these beliefs? How do our beliefs change over time/ as we get older? Do beliefs always have to abstract things such as Father Christmas/God? Can we have beliefs within ourselves/about ourselves? What could some examples be? Where do they think their beliefs have come from?	and what I do?	

	How may their beliefs differ from a person of faith?		
Session 3 Who and what helps to shape our beliefs?	Recap previous lesson about children's own beliefs. Ask children again about what beliefs they have. Ask children who has influenced their beliefs. Explore the lives of significant people such as, Malala, Ghandi, Archbishop Desmond Tutu or Andrew Copson (British Humanist Association).	Write some questions you could ask someone; such as, Malala, Ghandi, Archbishop Desmond Tutu or Andrew Copson (British Humanist Association) about their work and commitment to their beliefs).	KS2 Assemblies – Malala Yousafzai Who was Gandhi?
Session 4 How can we tell the difference between good and bad influencers?	Ask children: what is an influencer? Discuss who the chi would consider to be 'influencers'; talk about 'influencers' on social media: Are modern day celebrities good influences? Why/why not? Linking back to the previous lessons: What can the children say about religion influences? Would the faith founders be good or bad influencers? What about the significant people from last lesson?	Explore the influence that the media has on beliefs and the practice of religion today. How does the media influence beliefs and practice of religion today? Is the media a good or bad influencer? Can it be both? Why?	KS2 Assemblies – Malala Yousafzai Who was Gandhi?

Children to build on their prior knowledge of the faith founders and consider what the key beliefs are within their focus religions that are still practiced across the world today. To then explore any similarities and difference between religious concepts.

Learning Objective	Key Knowledge	Recorded Learning	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
Session 5	Introduce some faith	Look at some religious rules and	What is Christianity?
	founders to the children –	values such as the Ten	
Considering	such as Jesus (Christianity),	Commandments, Five Pillasr and	Jesus recruits disciples and shares
the teachings	the Prophet Muhammed	another (Hinduism or Judaism)	<u>stories</u>
of faith	(Islam), Siddhartha		
founders,	Gautama (Buddhism) and	Is there a common 'golden belief'	<u>J is for Jesus</u>
what are the	Guru Nanak (Sikhism).	for all faiths?	
different key	NB no founder of Hinduism	What are the main differences?	The Prophet Muhammad
beliefs?	as a mix of other faiths.		
			Who was Muhammad?
080	Discuss: What makes a		
	good leader? What makes a		<u>How Islam Began</u>
	good founder? What may		
	have inspired these people		
	to find a religion? What did		The Ten Commandments
	the faith founders do in		
	their lifetime? What did		
	they teach their followers		
	to believe and do? How		
	does modern religion		
	respond to their teachings?		
Session 6	Mind-map what the	Explore similarities and differences	<u>How Islam Began</u>
	children can remember	between religious concepts, such	
What is the	about their focus religions	as:	
same and	(Christianity, Islam and	Prayer	
what is	Hinduism - and Judaism		

different	from previous phases if	Goodness The Fruits of the	
different between religious concepts?	from previous phases if needed). Are there any similarities or major differences between them?	 Goodness The Fruits of the Spirit for Christians Five Pillars of Islam Service to others Tawid and ummah for Muslims The Communion of Saints for Christians The concept of Covenant for Judaism and Christianity Think for yourself, act for everyone 	

Explore understanding of faith in action further through looking at how charity work can help communities through following religious teachings. They then consider how religion can help shape vocations for a person of faith.

Learning Objective	Key Knowledge	Recorded Learning	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
Session 7	What is a charity?	Split into groups and have each	This is Christian Aid
	Can the children name any	group focus on the different work	
How do faith-	charities?	of suggested groups listed below.	<u>Islamic Relief</u>
based	Why do we have charities?	Each group tells the rest of the class	
charities	Why may religions get	about their findings.	Charity Digital
exemplify	involved in any charities?	Christian Aid	
faith	Can they recall any charity	 The Salvation Army 	Open Bible – Charity
teachings?	work that was mentioned in	 Action for Children 	
	the last unit (5.1	 Red Crescent 	Bible Reasons
	Expressions of faith)? Such	Oxfam	
	as during Vaisakhi, Sikhism.	• Cafod	

	Discuss how charities may follow the teachings of faiths before looking at some bible verses together – how does charity work follow these teachings? Such as: Luke 21:1-4, Luke 12:33, Matthew 5:42, Matthew 25:35, Isaiah 58:10	 local food banks chaplaincy groups 	
Session 8 What is vocation?	Discuss with the children what the word 'vocation' means. Have they heard this word before? If so, where? Explain that a vocation is a calling in life, that often it is a job that people feel driven to /suits them best do due to their personality. Read some different scenarios that describe people, choose a 'vocation' that suits them best. (e.g., doctor, teacher, priest, charity worker). Once children have recorded, discuss: Ils there only one option for each person's description? Could their personalities suit multiple vocations?	Children to consider themselves – try to write their own character descriptions (if they struggle get them to do a friend/family member). Do they think they have a calling to a particular vocation? Why/why not?	KS2 – Vocation and Commitment

Session 9	Recap vocation from last	Create an advert for a vocation –	KS2 – Vocation and Commitment
	week: What is a vocation?	What tasks does the vocation	
Do you have	Which vocations may	involve?	
to be religious	someone feel drawn to?	Which character qualities should	
to have a		the individual have?	
vocation?	Ask the children key	Add a religious view on this:	
	learning question: Do you	Which sacrifices may the person	
A 0 A	have to be religious to have	have to make to follow God's call	
$\mathbf{Q} \stackrel{\wedge}{\longrightarrow} \mathbf{Q}$	a vocation? Ask children	and take up this vocation?	
	which vocations they		
	imagine someone of faith	Note at the bottom of the advert	
	heading towards. Why do	Does the person have to be	
	they think this?	religious to have a vocation?	
	Introduce vocations in		
	Christianity and how these		
	usually involve Christians		
	being faithful to Christian		
	teachings, such as marriage,		
	or to be a priest, monk of		
	nun.		
	11011.		

	Website links			
Session 1	Six inspiring stories from incredible young people: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/zvgb2sg			
Session 2	KS2 Assemblies – Malala Yousafzai: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zjkj382/articles/z4fwy9q Who was Gandhi? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zjkj382/articles/z4fwy9q			
Session 3	KS2 Assemblies – Malala Yousafzai: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zjkj382/articles/z4fwy9q Who was Gandhi? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zjkj382/articles/z4fwy9q			

Session 4	What is Christianity? https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p02mwvwt
	Jesus recruits disciples and shares stories: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zvfgkqt
	J is for Jesus: https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/religious-education-ks3-a-z-of-religion-and-beliefs-j-is-for-jesus/zdgv47h
	The Prophet Muhammad: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zympvcw
	Who was Muhammad? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zv6sb9q
	How Islam Began: https://www.truetube.co.uk/film/how-islam-began-ten-minutes
	The Enlightenment of the Buddha: https://www.truetube.co.uk/film/enlightenment-buddha
	Who was Guru Nanak? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zsjpyrd/articles/zr86cqt
	The Ten Commandments: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/z687tfr
Session 5	How Islam Began: https://www.truetube.co.uk/film/how-islam-began-ten-minutes
	The Enlightenment of the Buddha: https://www.truetube.co.uk/film/enlightenment-buddha
	What is Buddhism? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zh4mrj6/articles/zdbvjhv
	What do Buddhists value most? https://www.reonline.org.uk/resources/what-do-buddhists-value-most/
	What do Sikhs believe about the nature of God? https://www.reonline.org.uk/resources/what-do-sikhs-believe-about-the-nature-of-god/
Session 6	This is Christian Aid: https://www.christianaid.org.uk/our-work/about-us
	Islamic Relief: https://www.islamic-relief.org.uk/about-us/
	Charity Digital: https://charitydigital.org.uk/topics/topics/10-religious-charities-doing-great-things-with-digital-6320
	Open Bible – Charity: https://www.openbible.info/topics/charity
	Bible Reasons: https://biblereasons.com/charity/
Session 7	KS2 – Vocation and Commitment: https://www.beinspirational.co.uk/ks2-vocation-and-commitment/
Session 8	KS2 – Vocation and Commitment: https://www.beinspirational.co.uk/ks2-vocation-and-commitment/
Session 9	



Cycle 1: Upper Key Stage 2 Easter Overview



Key Question: What is the message of Easter to the world for today?

About this unit

Considered through a theological and a social sciences lens, this is a supplementary unit designed to help teachers ensure progression when exploring the festival of Easter across upper Key Stage 2. It continues to explore and develop the concepts of salvation and gospel. The focus for Cycle A Y5&6 is on the resurrection and for Cycle A Y5&6 the message of Easter for today.

It may be useful to consider Spring festivals from other faiths alongside Easter.

Prior learning

This unit builds on learning about Spring festivals in LKS2.

Key vocabulary:

Ash Wednesday, Lent, fasting, sacrifice, resurrection, Ascension, Pentecost, repentance, forgiveness of sins, redemption, Good News

End points:

How do the lives of faith founders influence believers?

- identify key events in the lives of faith founders and their impact on those around them
- explain the relevance of different faith founders for their followers today

These contribute to the following End of Key Stage statement:

 make connections between the beliefs that underpin different celebrations, forms of worship, pilgrimages and rituals

What is the value of participating in a religious festival or ritual?

- compare the experience of participating in a religious festival or celebration around the world
- reflect and share how religious celebrations and rituals have an impact on the community
- describe and show understanding of links between different sacred texts and how those faith teachings influence communities and society today

By the end of the unit, children will be able to reflect on the resurrection of Jesus and interpret the message of Easter for today.



Cycle A: Year 5&6 Easter MTP



Key Question: What is the message of Easter to the world for today?

In Y5/6, children will explore a number of Lenten actions and consider the symbolism of Ash Wednesday. They will investigate how the Jewish festival of Pesach fits with the story of Easter before considering the resurrection and the impact on Jesus' disciples.

Learning Objective	Key Knowledge	Recorded Learning	Useful links (If the link does not open, please find URL on final page.)
Session 1	Key information:	Using websites or books, find out about Lenten actions. List key	What is Lent?
What is Lent?	Discuss: How do Christians use Lent to prepare for Easter? What is the link between Lenten actions and making sacrifices? Watch this video – click here - to find out about Lenten actions, such as: • fasting • making sacrifices • spending more time with God • an act of service	information and share with the class. Challenge During Lent, is it better to give something up, or give something away?	Lent resources for primary schools
Session 2		Make a palm cross and stick it into books.	Ash Wednesday Ash Wednesday for Kids

What is the significance of 'ash' in 'Ash Wednesday'?	What is the significance of the 'ash' in 'Ash Wednesday'? Explore the symbolism of Ash Wednesday. This link provides a broad overview of the significance of the 'ash' in Ash Wednesday This link is also worth	Where do the ashes used on Ash Wednesday traditionally come from? (Traditionally, ashes used on Ash Wednesday are gathered up after palms from the previous year's Palm Sunday are burned. They are then blessed before being used in the	
Session 3 How does the Jewish festival of Pesach fit with the story of Easter?	Start by explaining how Jesus, as a Jewish boy, travelled to Jerusalem to celebrate Pesach with his parents. Next, watch a video which explores how Jews prepare homes for Passover (link with the story of Moses). Discuss: What is the same? What is different? What do you notice?	Answer questions in books How does the Jewish festival of Pesach fit with the story of Easter? What is the same/different/similar. Challenge Research and record findings How do Jews prepare their homes homes for Passover? How do people prepare their homes for Easter?	The story of the Passover Shopping for Pesach or Passover Celebrating Passover The Four Questions of Passover

Session 4	Start by watching the video		Religious Studies KS2: Easter
(In Summer	- Religious Studies KS2:		
unit)	<u>Easter</u>	Answer the following questions -	
How might			
believing in	Think about the video,	What does Jesus' death and	
the	discuss:	resurrection mean to Christians?	
resurrection of	the resurrection and its		
Jesus make a	impact on Jesus' disciples	How do Christians celebrate the	
difference to		resurrection?	
how people	Have a class debate about		
live today?	how believing in the		
	resurrection of Jesus might		
A Q A	make a difference to how		
X A	people live today. Choose		
	some problems in the world		
	today and ask what		
	difference belief that Jesus		
	rose again, and offers		
	eternal life, might make to		
	them (for example,		
	inequality — wealth and		
	poverty — illness,		
	loneliness, injustice).		

Website links			
YEAR 5&6			
Session 1	What is Lent? https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zsvrwmn/articles/zktcbqt Lent resources for primary schools: https://cafod.org.uk/Education/Primary-teaching-resources/Lent-resources-for-children		
Session 2	Ash Wednesday: https://ministryspark.com/ash-wednesday-activities-kids/ Ash Wednesday for Kids: https://www.catholicicing.com/ash-wednesday-for-kids/		

Session 3	The story of the Passover: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zmq6sbk
	Shopping for Pesach or Passover: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zqd2hyc
	Celebrating Passover: https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/religious-studies-ks2-celebrating-passover/z4kvrj6
	The Four Questions of Passover: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/zhmpvcw
Session 4	Religious Studies KS2: Easter: https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/religious-studies-ks2-easter/znkngwx